

No.	Names of Dharmadarsis	Institution to which they are attached
1	Mr. Hanumanthappa, Shanbhog	...
2	" Siddaveerappa, Patel ...	...
3	" Yanganna ...	...
4	" Jayantha Jogappa ...	...
5	" Nagappa ...	...
1	Hanumantharaya, Shanbhog	...
2	" Kadle Basappa, Patel ...	...
3	" Iyappa ...	...
4	" Thalakerappa ...	...
5	" Thippiah ...	...
1	" Gundappa, Shanbhog ...	...
2	" Basappa, Patel ...	...
8	" Donappa ...	...
4	" Karisomappa ...	...
		} Venkataramanadevaru and Hanumanthadevaru at Nagasamudra, Molakalmuru Taluk. } Hanumanthadevaru at Bhattaraballi, Molakalmuru Taluk. } Venkataramanadevaru and Hanumanthadevaru at Amakundi, Molakalmuru Taluk.

R. NANASWAMI RAO,
For Deputy Commissioner.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 25th January 1913.

Under para 1 of the rules relating to Dharmadarsis of Muzrai Institutions, issued with Government Order No. 2144-58—Muz. 121-05-11, dated 26th February 1910, the undermentioned persons are appointed Dharmadarsis of the Sri Anjaneyaswami temple at Settihalli in the Tumkur Taluk for a period of five years.

1. M. R. Ry. Narasinga Rao, Landholder.
2. " Puttadasegowda, Landholder.
3. " Mallaiya, Landholder.
4. " Revegowda, Patel.
5. " Narasiyappa, Shanbhog.
6. " P. R. Venkatasubbaiya, Retired Amildar.

C. S. BALASUNDARAMIYER,
Officiating Deputy Commissioner.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES IN MYSORE.

Notification No. 1259—C. S., dated 3rd—4th February 1913.

The following model prospectus and Bye-laws for a Jaggory Manufacturing Co-operative Society, Limited, are published for the information of the public.

" M. A. NARAYANA IYENGAR,
Registrar of Co-operative Societies in Mysore.

PROSPECTUS FOR..... JAGGORY MANUFACTURING CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LIMITED,.....

It is well known that sugar cane growing is very profitable... It is our duty to further its cultivation. This requires capital and we can find it best by the cane-growers forming themselves into a Co-operative Credit Society.

2. After the cane is grown it has to be milled and converted into jaggery. The present method of using bullock-power is wasteful and costly. With larger mills driven by oil-engines 20 per cent more juice can be obtained at less cost.

3. Such machinery will cost about Rs. 9,000 for working about 100 acres of cane. The daily expenses of working amount to about Rs. 50. But in spite of this heavy expenditure and initial outlay, the yield in jaggery is estimated to increase in worth from 16,000 to 21,000 rupees for these hundred acres.